

WEATHER: Showers Tuesday and Wednesday--light variable winds, mostly south.

The Pensacola Journal.

THE JOURNAL'S Want Ad is always read by nearly people.

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PENSACOLA, FLORIDA, TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 11, 1905.

PRICE 5 CEN

ENDEAVORERS IN CONVENTION

Annual Gathering Called to Order in Baltimore Monday Morning.

FRANCES E. CLARKE

Founder of the Society Delivered Annual Address to Members.

EVANGELICAL SERVICES HELD AT SEVERAL INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS -- SECRETARY OF THE NAVY BONAPARTE SPOKE TO CONVENTION ON "PURE POLITICS AND RELIGION."

By Associated Press. Baltimore, July 10.—The Christian Endeavor Convention opened to-day with reports from the various state and local officers. Evangelical services were held at several industrial establishments and a pastor's conference held at the Central Presbyterian church, was led by Rev. Wm. E. Biederwood, of Monticello, Indiana, who delivered an address on "Evangelism."

Secretary of the Navy Charles J. Bonaparte, delivered an address before the convention on the subject of "Pure Politics and Religion."

Rev. F. E. Clark's Address.

Rev. Frances E. Clark, D. D., L. L. D., President of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, addressed the gathering as follows: The occasion gives us our theme today. Christian Endeavor is approaching its first great anniversary. In a few months more a full quarter of a century will have been completed since the first society was established and the modern young people's movement was begun. From this high vantage-ground we do well to look both ways, backward for encouragement, forward with hope and new aspirations.

We need dwell upon the past only long enough to gain courage for the future. Within the compass of these years the movement has grown from one society to more than 66,000; from less than fifty members to nearly 4,000,000, besides many millions more have graduated into other lines of church work. It has found its way into every part of the world, and has its home practically in every nation. It is established now in sixty different nations and colonies, among people who speak nearly one hundred different languages and dialects, into which its constitution and some portions of its literature have been translated. Its weekly or monthly publications are found in almost every civilized country and tongue.

The Roster of Christian Endeavor. When we call the roster of our brotherhood, Great Britain responds with nearly 10,000 societies, Canada and Austria with thousands more, India with more than 600, China with 300 societies, and Japan with half as many more. Germany's strong contingent is ever increasing, as it that of almost every European country, while Africa and the islands of the sea add many thousands of Endeavorers to our fellowship.

Since last we met in International Convention I have seen our comrades in New Zealand, Tasmania, and all the states of the Australian Commonwealth, in South Africa, in England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales, and some of the European countries, and can testify to the vigor and growing power of Christian Endeavor in all these lands. When we come nearer home, we find that America's tens of thousands of societies have had a period of great activity since last the reckoning was made, as our secretary's most heartening report has shown. The increase of membership has resulted in a great gain in numbers and, I believe, in spiritual activities as well.

Such a history, though recounted ever so briefly, must increase the humility as well as the gratitude of every Endeavorer, as he remembers that these results could not be of man, or the power of man, but of God. We will dwell upon them only long enough to get a new impetus for the future.

For nearly twenty-five years we have been steadily climbing the hills of Christian Endeavor progress. Each year has seen some advancement upon the last in numbers, activities, and spiritual attainments. And now we come to this colga of vantage of a twenty-five years' retrospect. But when we climb the Alps, mountains seem to rise on mountains, and there is ever new peaks to scale, so this summit on which we stand only reveals new heights which we have yet to climb. We could not see them from below; for the nearer mountains, not so surmounted, hide them from our view. But now that we have nearly reached this quarter-century peak, we can see them still looming beyond us.

Let us, then, suggest some higher aim of achievement, or at least endeavor, which I see before us, as we follow the same upward path.

John Drew Succeeds

The Late Joseph Jefferson



CARICATURE SKETCH OF JOHN DREW.

Mr. Drew has been elected president of the Players' Club of New York, to succeed the late Joseph Jefferson. This celebrated club has had only three presidents, the first being Edwin Booth.

PORTSMOUTH IS POSSE IS AFTER PLAGE PEACE SESSIONS TWO WHITE MEN

Russian and Japanese Representatives Will Meet There In Conference. They Are Accused of Chopping Victim to Pieces With An Ax.

By Associated Press.

Washington, July 10.—Assistant Secretary Pierce to-day announced that the plenipotentiaries of Russia and Japan had agreed upon Portsmouth, N. H., as the meeting place for the sessions of the peace conference to be held outside of Washington. The sessions will be held in the government navy yard at Portsmouth, in the new building just completed there.

The selection of Portsmouth was mutually acceptable to the peace envoys of the belligerents, as, besides being a cool and comfortable place for this season of the year, it has the advantage of offering a building on government soil which is regarded as an important consideration. It will insure seclusion as no one can gain admission to the navy yard without permission.

CALEB POWERS CASE CONTINUED

By Associated Press. Georgetown, Ky., July 10.—In two state court when the case against Caleb Powers was called to-day, in view of the transfer to the federal court, the case was continued and court adjourned. Powers has packed his effects for the transfer to Newport to await trial in the United States court.

RUSSIAN PLENIPOTENTIARY WILL SAIL ON JULY 26

By Associated Press. Rome, July 10.—M. Muraviev, who will act as peace plenipotentiary for Russia at Washington, will, it is learned in official circles, sail for the United States July 26 from Cherbourg, on board the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. M. Muraviev, who is Russian ambassador to Italy, is at St. Petersburg.

A GAMBLER'S FIGHT SAYS SEC'Y. WILSON

Says He is Not Afraid of Libel Suit From Price or Any-one Else.

WILSON EMPHATIC

He Will Welcome Suit if it Brings Out Facts.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MOODY IS CONSIDERING MATTER OF BRINGING CRIMINAL PROSECUTION AGAINST HOLMES, BUT NOT THOUGHT HE CAN DO SO.

By Associated Press.

Washington, July 10.—Secretary Wilson intends to take no step backward in his report on the cotton leak investigation. This is evidenced by his statement that he was not afraid of any libel suit which might be brought against him by Mr. Price or others mentioned in the report—in fact he said he would welcome such action because it might be the means of developing some facts not already uncovered and which it was desirable to know.

"This is a quarrel among gamblers," he said, "brought about by the dissatisfaction of some members in not getting what they thought was their due. I have nothing to take back. As head of an executive department of the government it was my duty and right to give to the public the result of the investigation by secret service agents into the charges which had been filed leading up to the dismissal of Mr. Holmes."

The secretary added that he had given consideration to Mr. Price's request, presented through an attorney "to withdraw the unjust, offensive and unsustained charges and implications," and had reached the determination to take no further action in the matter. He said he would not communicate with Mr. Price or his attorney in any way.

THE GUILTY PARTIES MAY BE PROSECUTED.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 10.—It is regarded here as not unlikely that criminal prosecution may result from the investigation of the cotton report leak in the department of agriculture. The subject has not yet been presented to the president in a formal way, although he is familiar with most of the details of the inquiry. United States District Attorney Beach, of Washington, was of the opinion after a cursory examination of a part of the evidence adduced in the investigation that a criminal proceeding would not lie against Assistant Statistician Holmes, who is alleged to have profited by giving advance information of the cotton crop to certain brokers. The department of justice is not inclined to accept this view of the case. While no decision to institute criminal proceedings has been reached, the subject is being considered by Attorney General Moody, who later will take the matter up with the president.

BASEBALL July 10

By Associated Press.

Southern League. Shreveport 2, Atlanta 1. Memphis 4, Birmingham 1. New Orleans 3, Montgomery 5. Little Rock-Nashville, rain.

South Atlantic League. Jacksonville 3, Columbia 4. (Twelve innings.) Savannah 8, Charleston 7. Macon-Augusta, rain.

American League. St. Louis-Washington, rain. Cleveland 3, Philadelphia 6. Detroit, 0, New York 3. Chicago-Boston, rain.

National League. Boston 3, Philadelphia 2. Brooklyn-New York, rain. Pittsburg 1, Chicago 4.

MAYOR BLISS PRESENTS EVIDENCE TO COUNCIL

ON RUSSIAN TERRITORY PROPER IS JAP ARMY NOW

LANDING ON SAKHALIN ISLAND REGARDED WITH A GREAT DEAL OF SATISFACTION BY MIKADO'S GOVERNMENT—EXPECT TO AGAIN GET POSSESSION OF TERRITORY.

By Associated Press.

Tokio, July 10.—The announcement of the landing of a Japanese force on Sakhalin island and the occupation of Korsakovsk, followed by the northward flight at the garrison has been received with great satisfaction by the Japanese. The landing of the army at Sakhalin marks the first entry of the Japanese upon Russian territory proper. The Japanese are pleased to be again in possession of the island, declaring they have long felt the bargain under which they relinquished the place forty years ago unsatisfactory. The Japanese express the belief that

they will speedily control the entire island as they regard the garrison there incapable of serious resistance, and are confident it will be captured. The following report has been received from Japanese army headquarters at Sakhalin: "Our army without much resistance occupied Korsakovsk early on July 8. The enemy burned the town and retired to positions eight miles north where they resumed resistance. We dislodged them and are now in pursuit. We captured two twelve centimetre guns, two twelve pounders and also a quantity of ammunition. We suffered no loss."

Makes Report on Charges of "Systematic Robbery" Previously Preferred.

COUNCIL'S CENSURE

Resolution of Censure is Vetoed By the Mayor.

A WARM SESSION LAST NIGHT AT WHICH MAYOR AND COUNCIL TALKED BACK AT EACH OTHER IN TERMS MORE OR LESS PARLIAMENTARY.

The city council met in special session last night, Mayor Bliss presiding and the following members present: Aldermen McHugh, Maura, Muldon, Christie, Reilly, Wright, D'Alemberte, Yonge and Cain.

Before calling the roll, J. E. Watson, who had been elected to succeed Alderman C. H. Gingles resigned, was sworn in by Clerk Bernard and he then took his seat in the council.

The minutes of the last regular and intervening special meetings were read and approved. As there had been several meetings since the last regular one, the reading of the minutes required about a half hour. Mayor Bliss then submitted his report as follows:

Mayor Bliss's Report. To the Honorable Board of Aldermen, City of Pensacola. Gentlemen:

In compliance with the motions of Alderman Muldon that the Mayor be given a certain time to submit evidence to support his opinion that the city had been systematically robbed for years, I respectfully report and submit evidence as follows:

This report submits only a portion of the great mass of evidence which I believe exists, providing it has not been destroyed, but it is all the evidence I have been able to find and arrange in my limited time without grossly neglecting my official duties. It must be borne in mind that the finding and collection of such a mass of evidence covering such a length of time is no child's play that it may be done in a few hours, such as has been allotted to me. Such a work would likely take the undivided time of an expert many days and perhaps weeks, especially in a case where the records and official papers are in as deplorable a condition as they are in this City's offices. At any rate I have gathered plenty of evidence to substantiate my opinion, at least to my mind, and if the Council still wants additional evidence I shall take great pleasure in doing what I can to find it for them.

From the City records it is clearly shown that the practice of buying stock feed for the various departments has been to have merchants submit bids for furnishing feed for the coming calendar month and the Board of Public Works and Safety have each in their respective meetings accepted such bids as they saw fit and entered it in their respective records. The making and accepting of such bids was a contract between the City and the merchant, in which the City was obligated to pay a certain price for certain feed, and the merchant was obligated to furnish certain specified feed for a certain price. I have had the Clerk make a search for the bids made at various times for feed, and I have personally made a search, and all bids found have been examined and where the vouchers and bills have been found, the bids have been attached and a part of the evidence submitted. When it was not possible to discover the original bid the records of the Board of Public Works and the records of the Board of Public Safety have been referred to and a note made of the bid as it appears on record. I have not taken the trouble to submit anything more than a statement of the bid in such instances, and if the Council desires to verify my statements in such cases it will only be necessary to refer to the respective records for the respective dates.

The evidence will show that certain specified kinds of feed were bid for at certain specified prices. It will show that certain kinds of oats were bid for at a certain price per bushel and that certain kinds of hay were bid for at a certain price per hundred weight. The evidence submitted will further show that all feed was furnished by two firms, viz, A. McDonald Moyer and J. E. Dubuisson & Bro. Dubuisson & Bro. furnished feed for one month to both boards, and to one Board for two months. The bills of this firm appear to be regular as they are rendered for oats and hay at the prices bid, specifying as much oats or so many pounds of hay at the contract price.

The bills of A. McDonald Moyer appear altogether different. Not a single bill was ever rendered according to the contract price. The bills submitted

RUSSIA WANTS ENGLAND'S ARMY CRUISER'S CREW TOO SMALL SAYS ROBERTS

Claims Men as Criminals, Guilty of Both Murder and Theft. British Field Marshal Creates Sensation By Speech in House of Lords Yesterday.

By Associated Press.

St. Petersburg, July 10.—Negotiations between Russia and Roumania for the surrender of the crew of the Kuznetsov are progressing, but so far no decision has been reached. Russia is disposed to insist on the surrender of the men, not as political prisoners but as criminals, guilty of murder and theft.

The crew divided several hundred roubles on the battleship when they left, and the Roumanian government is embarrassed by the fact that it promised the mutineers that it would treat them as deserters if they surrendered.

Rear Admiral Pissarevski reports the engine room of the Potemkin full of water and it is presumed the mutineers turned on the seacocks before leaving the ship.

By Associated Press.

London, July 8.—Field Marshal Lord Roberts created a sensation in the House of Lords this evening when in a lengthy and well considered speech he deliberately expressed the opinion, as a practical soldier, that the military force of Great Britain was inadequate, imperfectly trained, and totally unfit to uphold Great Britain as a first class power. Lord Roberts did not blame the government, but he scathingly attacked the people of England, who, he said, showed no national feeling towards the military until danger arose.

MOTHER STOLE HER OWN CHILD

By Associated Press.

Tiffin, Ohio, July 10.—Unable longer to restrain her mother love, Mrs. Charles Steele, of Postoria, came to Tiffin to-day, stole into the home of the grandparents of her 3-year-old daughter, who had been legally adopted by them, and abducted the child. The alarm was given and the woman was overtaken a mile from the city, just as she was boarding an electric car. The child was restored to its grandparents, and the mother left, swearing vengeance. Mrs. Steele is divorced from her husband, who is in California.

Three Kansas Saloons Wrecked With Dynamite

By Associated Press.

Iola, Kas., July 10.—Three saloons in West street in the heart of the business section of Iola were completely wrecked by dynamite to-day. Much damage was done to other property in the vicinity and the loss is estimated at \$10,000. J. E. Thorpe, the owner of one of the saloons, was injured, but not seriously. The dynamite was exploded apparently by some temperance reformer. No arrests have been made.

There were two distinct explosions. Besides demolishing the three saloons

two drug stores were damaged and dozens of plate glass windows in the business section were shattered. The explosions were heard at Humboldt, nine miles distant.

The mayor has offered a reward for the miscreant and called a special meeting of the city council to consider the situation.

There has been much agitation in Iola recently to close the saloons, which run openly in violation of the prohibition law, and Governor Hoch had been appealed to to aid in closing the places.

Infuriated Women Wanted to Lynch Village President

By Associated Press.

Hammond, Ind., July 10.—Coming out of his hiding place to-day for the first time since his arrest and release on bail because of an assault on a defenseless woman whom he, as con-

stable, was evicting, President Peter Mak, of the village board of West Hammond, was captured by a crowd of fifty infuriated women armed with a heavy clothesline and nearly lynched. They had the rope knotted into a noose, and, with cries of rage and bitter taunts, they would have lynched him had it not been for Policeman Barney Johnson, who fought to save the life of his superior until he was almost exhausted.

This is the second attempt made on Mak's life by the women who were neighbors of Mrs. Valentine Maka, the evicted woman. Frank Locke, the constable who assisted Mak in the brutal eviction, was caught by the women a few days ago and horribly beaten.

WANT ADS. ARE CASH!

The public is requested to note again that Want Ads. must be paid for in cash when the copy comes to the office. The rate on them is so low that The Journal cannot afford to hire a book-keeper and a collector to take care of the Want Ad. accounts. The cash rule applies to the Want Ad. page business.

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